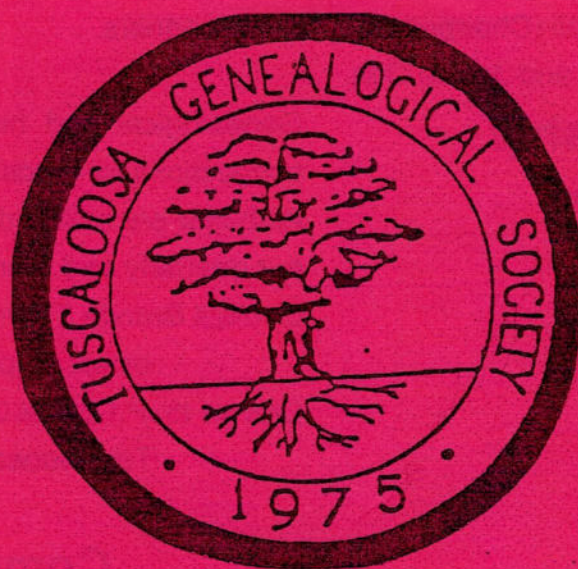


ROOTS & BRANCHES

Quarterly Publication
Of
The Night Group of
The Tuscaloosa Genealogical Society



Volume XXIV, Issue 3, July 2003

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Tuscaloosa, Alabama



Roots & Branches

Volume No. XXIV

Issue No. 3

July 2003

Officers For 2003

President..... Betty Weaver
Vice President for Programs.....Walter Dockery,
Jesse Ellard, Ritchie Bailey
Vice President for Membership.....Sybil Banks
Treasurer.....Jesse Ellard
Recording Secretary.....James "Jim" Crowder
Corresponding Secretary.....Brenda Thomas
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Historian.....Gwen Hulan
Librarian.....Eliza M. Ember
Calling Committee.Roberta Powell (Chairperson)
Katie Channell, Shelia Rice, and Jackie Otts

2003 Membership

Dues:\$15 for single local member
\$25 for local family member
\$25 for remote member

Make checks payable to: **NGTGS**

Mail to: Jesse Ellard
NGTGS Treasurer
P.O. Box 020802
Tuscaloosa, Al. 35402

Meetings

Monthly meetings are held at 7 p.m. the first Thursday night of each month in the Rotary Room, upstairs at the Tuscaloosa County Public Library on Jack Warner Parkway, Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

Visitors and prospective members are welcome at all times and their participation in our projects is needed and desired. The only requirement

is the expression of a desire to enhance their genealogical and historical knowledge.

Roots and Branches

Our quarterly publication is published in January, April, July, and October. The quarterly may be picked up at the monthly meetings by local members and are mailed to remote members. We are actively engaged in swapping quarterly publications with other genealogical societies and welcome new swap partners.

Genealogical and historical data with connections to Tuscaloosa County and/or Alabama are solicited for possible inclusion in our quarterly and monthly publications.

Contact Brenda Thomas at:

email: stripes@aol.com

Or mail to: P.O. Box 020802
Tuscaloosa, AL. 35402

Committees

From time to time committees are established for various purposes and members are encouraged to participate in one or more of these groups. The success of our society is dependent on the active participation in one of these groups.

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Night Group of The Tuscaloosa Genealogical Society
Tuscaloosa, Alabama

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FUTURE PROGRAMS

August 7, 2003	Presented by R. L. Guffin
September 4, 2003	"ITEMS IN SPECIAL COLLECTIONS" Presented by Clarke Center
October 2, 2003	"ALBIONS SEED, 4 BRITISH FOLKWAYS IN AMERICA" Presented by James Dunn
November 6, 2003	"GENEALOGICAL PROBLEM SOLVING" Presented by Dr. Elizabeth Shown Mills
December 4, 2003	Christmas Program and installation of officers

MEMBERSHIP ADDITIONS & CORRECTIONS

Additions:

DeJARNETTE, SYDNEY – 4506 Northwood Lake Dr. E., Northport, AL 35473 (205) 333-9548

HATCHELL, WILLIAM "BILL" O. – 22 Desert Mountain Rd., Placitas, NM 87043 (505) 771-9378

E-mail: bhatchell45@comcast.net

LACEY, ELAINE – 7531 Keenes Mill Rd., Cottondale, AL. 35453 (205) 556-6635

E-mail: Lacey7531@aol.com AVERY, BLACK, HOGG, KING,
WOOLEY, PRICE, SCHOCHLER, SINGLETARY

JONES, SUSAN – 14434 Westland Drive, Coker, Al 35452 (205) 339-9733

E-mail: back2jones3@aol.com HARLESS, JONES, PREISCHE, PRICE

OTTS, JACQUELYN – 1064 Taylorwood Circle, Tuscaloosa, AL 35405 (205) 752-9469

E-mail: jacqueOtts@aol.com COX, DEASON, ELAM, HORTON,
LOFTIS, OTTS, SEXTON

REED, JAMES – 5708 Woodland Trace, Tuscaloosa, AL. 35405 (205) 633-0539

Corrections:

MILLS, ELIZABETH SHOWN – E-mail: e-shown@msn.com

BOYD, CARGILL, DENDY, JEFFCOAT, PELHAM, ODOM, WARREN

MITCHELL, JOAN – jmitchell@biology.as.ua.edu

SULLIVAN, MIKE – E-mail: sulliv812@msn.com, SULLIVAN, SULLIVANT, WICKER

WILSON, GARY V. – e-MAIL: 8088301@aol.com BOOZER, FALLS, HALEY,

HARKEY, KILLINGSWORTH, POE, TIERCE, WILLINGHAM

2004 OFFICERS

We are looking for some people willing to work together to keep our society moving forward. If you have interest in any area of our society please contact Betty Weaver. The nominating committee will be calling soon, so please be willing to help in anyway you can. Thanks for your continued support with your attendance. If you have a certain program you would like presented we are always interested in hearing them.

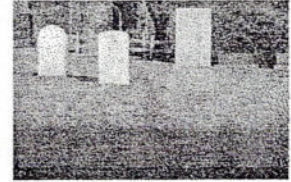
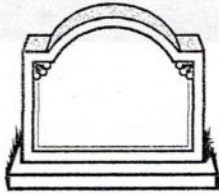
Tuscaloosa Memorial Park Cemetery

5434 Old Birmingham Highway

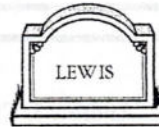
Tuscaloosa, Alabama 35404

Recorded by Brenda Thomas

(continued from Vol. XXIV, Issue 2)



Monument Section 2 - Row 16



XXX William L. Barnett, Jr.	David H. Lewis	Mother	Beloved Daughter
1929 - 1933	Alabama	Rovilla Summer Lewis	Emmett Hinton Lewis
	TEC 5 US ARMY	July 11, 1880	June 16, 1906
	World War II	November 28, 1971	August 25, 1985
	Oct. 15, 1908		
	Feb. 12, 1967		

Fielder S. Connell

Aug 29, 1886

Nov. 14, 1940

Daisye R. Connell

Jan 11, 1888

July 25, 1977

XXX



Marion Randolph

Bagwell

1856 - 1927

Mary Ann

Bagwell

1861 - 1934

George Edward

Bagwell

1885 - 1932

Julia Willingham

Bagwell

1890 - 1964

XXX



Mary C. Dutton

June 13, 1909

Aug. 28, 1972

Paul W. Dutton

Dec. 13, 1904

Jan. 29, 1972

Anna B. Dutton

March 3, 1871

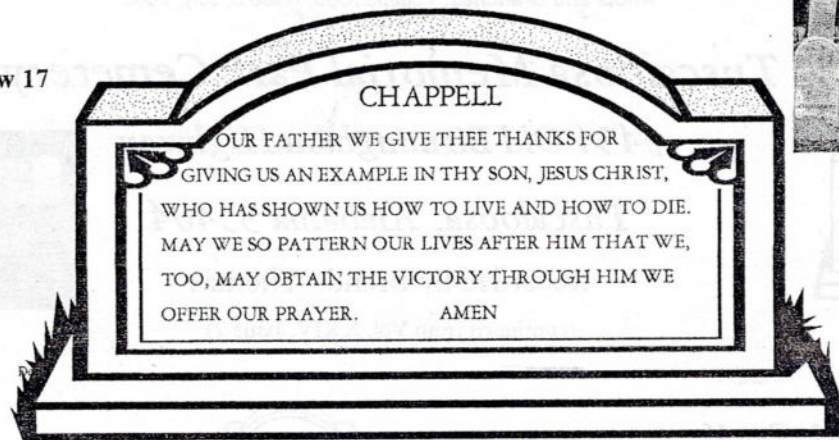
Feb. 24, 1961

William Dutton

Jan. 29, 1872

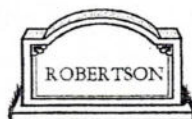
July 1, 1964

Monument Section 2 - Row 17

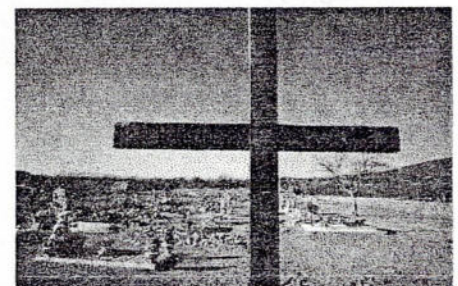
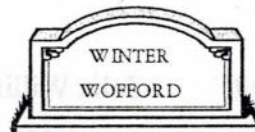


Infant Son of	1 Mary Ida Chappell	1 Andrew J. Chappell	1 Isabelle G. Chappell	1 Andrew J. Chappell, Jr.
Walter Hartwell Bennett	8	9 US NAVY	8	9 AMM1 US NAVY
and	8	7 World War I	9	3 World War II
Maxine Ida Bennett	8	0 June 22, 1890 Jan 2, 1981	1	2 Aug 28, 1920 Oct 17, 1996

Martin Curry Rumley	Anna Dawson Rake	Catherine Rumley	XXX
Mar 11, 1878	Rumley	Roberts	
Oct 15, 1954	July 13, 1879	July 12, 1920	
	Sept 11, 1932	Aug 21, 1994	



James Verner	Annie Lou Robertson	XXX
Robertson, Sr.	1880 - 1965	
1880 - 1932		



Paula Winter Wofford	James David Wofford	John Curtis Winter	Dovie Deaton Winter
Feb 16	Mar 5	Oct 9, 1887	Oct 22
1917	1996	Sept 13, 1941	1897
	Infant Son of		Oct 14
	Lloyd O. & Pauline W. Wofford		1981



(On back of row 16 DUTTON)

XXX James Sidney Winter	XXX	XXX	Bessie D. Sexton	Eddie E. Sexton
PFC US ARMY			Jan 29, 1895	Feb 12, 1889
World War II			Nov 19, 1964	Oct 7, 1965
May 16, 1920 - Nov. 2, 1976				

Monument Section 2 - Row 18

(facing the road between row 18 & row 19)

Minnie E. Partrich

Nov. 11, 1900

Feb. 21, 1988



Nancy Evelyn Johnson

Partrich

Nov. 3, 1868

July 5, 1957



Monument Section 2 - Row 19

(facing the road between row 18 & row 19 using same monument)

Daniel Gaines Partrich

Oct 29, 1903

June 25, 1958

June Spencer Partrich

May 7, 1905

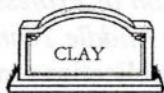
May 23, 1949

Florrie Barton Spencer

May 6, 1874

July 14, 1954

Monument Section 2 - Row 18



Beulah Capley

Clay

Jan 26 Oct 9

1902 1999

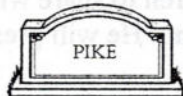
Clem E. Clay

Alabama

SGT Infantry

World War I

Sept 4, 1894 Sept 28, 1969



Thomas Terry Pike, Sr.

US NAVY

World War I

Sept 20, 1896 Jan 14, 1971

Abbie Sue Pike

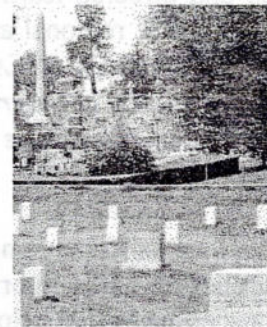
Feb 15, 1903 Feb 23, 2001

XXX

XXX

XXX

XXX



C. Hagler Rice

Aug 1, 1898

June 25, 1973

Clarence Rice, MD

Dec. 14, 1868

Jan 10, 1934

XXX

Erline Elizabeth Hagler

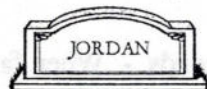
Wife of

Dr. Clarence Rice

June 3, 1875

Jan 18, 1958

XXX



John Wiley Jordan

Sept. 5, 1889

May 5, 1975

Delores Whatley Jordan

Sept. 30, 1885

Apr 6, 1962

Martha Jordan

1860 - 1953

John Wiley Jordan, Jr.

Sept 19, 1915

Oct 4, 1934

Alabama Genealogical Society, Inc.
Presents
A Seminar on Genealogical Research
by J. Mark Lowe



Milo Howard Room
Alabama Department of
Archives and History
624 Washington Avenue
Montgomery, Alabama



Saturday, October 18, 2003

J. Mark Lowe is a full-time, professional family history researcher, author and National lecturer. He is Vice President for the Federation of Genealogical Societies (FGS), Vice President of the Association of Professional Genealogists (APG) and Vice President of the Genealogical Speakers Guild (GSG). As the Director of the Regional In-depth Genealogical Studies Alliance, Mark developed and directed learning sessions and hands-on research, focusing on original documents and manuscripts at regional archives. He has published articles in the *Association of Professional Genealogists Quarterly*, *SPEAK!* (Genealogical Speakers Guild newsletter); *The Middle Tennessee Genealogical Society Quarterly*; and other local society publications. His own publications include *Robertson County, Tennessee Marriage Book 2, 1859-1873* and *Pioneer Cemetery* (Bowling Green, Kentucky).

Mark, who lives in Robertson County, Tennessee, specializes in Kentucky and Tennessee resources and researches primarily in original records and manuscripts throughout the Southeast. He shares personal experiences that help beginning and experienced researchers gain new skills and insights for research. Mark has more than 27 years experience in family history research to share with us. Do come join us to learn more about research problems and how to solve them. He will present the following lectures:

Land Barons or Dirt Farmers: Finding Land Transactions - Following the land will often identify the ancestor and family. Learn how to trace an individual through property records and how to trace a specific property.

Finding Your Landless Ancestors - Since land is the key in many ancestral discoveries, tracking those individuals who did not own land often becomes a daunting task. Learn to use Trust Deed Chatters and Tax Release Books to help locate those individuals without deeds and estates (including African-Americans).

Locating the Wanderer - Finding that ancestor who just can't stay put. Learn the techniques that will make his path more clear.

Smith vs. Jones, et al., A Closer Look at Court Records - When facts must be proven in court, many documents may be created. In court, relationships are proven and circumstances stated. Learn how to find these court records and how to use them effectively.

See reverse side for registration information

Alabama Genealogical Society, Inc.
A Seminar on Genealogical Research
Milo Howard Room – Alabama Department of Archives and History
624 Washington Avenue, Montgomery, Alabama
Saturday, October 18, 2003

AGENDA

9:00 - 9:30	Registration & Refreshments	12:15 - 1:15	Lunch (Box lunch provided for those who register by October 4)
9:30 - 10:00	AGS Business Meeting	1:15 - 2:15	"Locating the Wanderers"
10:00 - 11:00	"Land Barons or Dirt Farmers: Finding Land Transactions"	2:15 - 2:30	Break
11:00 - 11:15	Break	2:30 - 3:30	"Smith vs. Jones, et al., A Closer Look at Court Records"
11:15 - 12:15	"Finding Your Landless Ancestors"		
12:15	Door Prize Drawing (You must be present to win)	3:30	Door prize drawing and adjournment (You must be present at drawing to win)

BOOK SALE - Sales room open from 9:00 - 3:30

REGISTRATION FORM

- ☐ \$35.00 seminar fee non-members (box lunch provided if registered by October 4th)
- ☐ \$30.00 seminar fee for members (box lunch provided if registered by October 4th)
- ☐ \$20.00 membership renewal
- ☐ \$20.00 new individual membership
- ☐ \$25.00 family membership
- ☐ \$15.00 library membership

You may register following October 4th (cut off date) but the surname booklet will not include the names and information of your ancestors. Early registration will facilitate your contact with others researching your lines.

Make check payable to: Alabama Genealogical Society, Inc.

Mail check and form to: AGS Treasurer, 1012 Southlake Cove, Birmingham, AL 35244-3282

Please complete the following for Name Badge and Attendee List
Type or Print legibly as the booklet may be made by using the "cut and paste" technique.

Name _____	E-Mail _____	Phone Number (____) _____
Address _____	City _____	State _____ Zip _____
Ancestor's Name	Date and place of birth	Date and place of death
1. _____		
2. _____		
3. _____		
4. _____		
5. _____		
6. _____		

RIGS Alliance 2003 Archives Workshop Announced for October

Two Regional In-depth Genealogical Studies Alliance (RIGS Alliance) workshops will be held in 2003. The first, from October 6th to the 10th, will take place in Atlanta in cooperation with the Georgia Archives. Another workshop will be held from October 27th to the 31st in cooperation with the National Archives Southwest Region in Fort Worth, Texas.

These workshops are designed for genealogist, historians, and librarians with a general genealogical or historical grounding who want to learn skills and techniques for researching original records at regional archives.

To ensure a quality experience, enrollment is limited. Although these workshops will focus on records from the southeastern and southwestern United States, many of the record types are available at other state archives or NARA regional facilities.

Activities will be held in the Atlanta area in a classroom at the new Georgia Archives, and the workshop at Fort Worth will meet at the NARA site. These locations allow attendees the opportunity for immediate on-site research to put to use the skills they learn in class.

Workshop staff includes J. Mark Lowe, CG, Linda Woodard Geiger, CGRS, CGL, and Pamela Boyer Porter, CGRS, CGL, and expect staff members from the Georgia Archives and NARA's Southwest Region.

For details about the RIGS Alliance workshops, visit the Web site at: <http://www.RIGSAlliance.org>;
E-mail: info@RIGSAlliance.org;

Write to: RIGS Alliance Workshop, P.O. Box 1273, Jasper, GA 30143;
Fax: 706 268-2214

(Contributed by Pamela Boyer Porter, CGRS, CGL

Pporter@RIGSAlliance.org

Regional In-depth Genealogical Studies Alliance, Inc.)

CAGG

Third Saturday of each month

The Family History Center, LDS, 2015 3rd Avenue, North, Tuscaloosa, Al. 35406

Call Jan Hutchison 758-4820

Find Your Genealogical Treasure

at the Federation of Genealogical Societies
and Florida State Genealogical Society 2003 Conference

3 – 6 September 2003

**Renaissance Orlando Resort at SeaWorld
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call 888-FGS-1500. Visit our web site at www.fgs.org.

Subscribe to the Conference ezine at

<http://www.fgs.org/2003conf/conf-ezine.htm>



Record of Births Issued by Madie Ellis, Tuscaloosa County, Alabama
District No. 63-0024, as Transcribed by Jacque Otis

(Continued from Volume XXIV, Issue 2)

Registered No.	26	27	28	29	30
Place of Birth					
a. County	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa
b. Beat					
c. City, Town or Village	McConnells	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Newtonville
d. Street or R. F. D.	Rt. 1				
Full Name of child	Shirley, Eulo	Hays, Mary Louise		Harris, Alice	
Boy or Girl	Girl	Girl	Girl	Girl	Girl
Triplet or Twin					
No. in order of birth	6	2	3	3	7
Are parents married	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Date of birth	25 June 1927	2 July 1927	7 July 1927	23 Aug 1927	16 July 1927
Full name of father	Shirley, Robt. E. Lee	Hays, Sam Sparton	Roberson, John	Harris, Percy	Wheat, Omer
Present P.O. of father	McConnells, Rt. 1	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Newtonville, Rt. 1
Color	W	W	B	B	W
Age last birthday	31	35	39	31	34
Birthplace of father	Tuscaloosa Co.	Lamar Co.	Kentucky	Greene Co.	Pickens Co.
Occupation	Farmer	Farmer	Laborer	Laborer	Farmer
Full maiden name of mother	Bigham, Lillie	Vines, Mabel	Wilson, Victoria	Plott, Hattie	Holloway, Stella
Present P.O.	McConnells, Rt. 1	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Newtonville, Rt. 1
Color	W	W	B	B	W
Age	30	27	29	22	34
Birthplace of mother	Tuscaloosa Co.	Jefferson Co.	Fayette Co.	Pickens Co.	Tuscaloosa Co.
Occupation	Housewife	Housewife	Housewife	Housewife	Housewife
Total number of children	6	2	5	3	7
How many now alive	6	2	3	3	7
Born alive or still	0	Alive	Alive	Alive	Alive
Physician attending this birth	Crenshaw, Fred	Crenshaw, Fred	Crenshaw, Fred	Crenshaw, Fred	Crenshaw, Fred
Physician or Midwife.	Physician	Physician	Physician	Physician	Physician
Address	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville		
Witness					
Certificate filed (date)	1 July 1927	9 July 1927	9 July 1927	23 Aug. 1927	13 Aug. 1927

Record of Births Issued by Madie Ellis, Tuscaloosa County, Alabama
District No. 63-0024, as Transcribed by Jacque Ottis

Registered No.	21	22	23	24	25
Place of Birth					
a. County	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa	Tuscaloosa
b. Beat					
c. City, Town or Village	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville
d. Street or R. F. D.					
Full Name of child	Thomas, John	Roberts, Charles Ellis	Brothers, Earnest	Knight, Cecil	
Boy or Girl	Boy	Boy	Boy	Boy	Girl
Triplet or Twin					
No. in order of birth	1	2	2	1	1
Are parents married	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Date of birth	6 June 1927	3 June 1927	2 May 1926	22 June 1927	19 June 1927
Full name of father		Roberts, Connie Ellis	Brothers, Marcelus	Knight, Cecil Elmer	Dunovant, Luther
Present P.O. of father		Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville
Color	B	W	B	W	W
Age last birthday		27	22	25	23
Birthplace of father		Lamar Co.	Steens, Miss.	Tuscaloosa Co.	Fayette Co.
Occupation		Laborer	Tong Hooker	R.R. Engineer	Section work
Full maiden name of mother	Thomas, Wilmer	Thornhill, Lillian	Elliott, Eleoser	Cobb, Mary Louise	Maddox, Exie
Present P.O.	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville	Brownville
Color	B	W	B	W	W
Age	11	19	18	19	23
Birthplace of mother	Moore's Bridge	La.	Moundville	Marengo Co.	Tuscaloosa Co.
Occupation	At Home	Housewife	Housewife	Housewife	Housewife
Total number of children	1	2	2	1	1
How many now alive		2	1	1	1
Born alive or still	Still	Alive	1		
Physician attending this birth	Crenshaw, Fred	Crenshaw, Fred	Guin, J. C.	Crenshaw, Fred	Crenshaw, Fred
Physician or Midwife.	Physician	Physician	Physician	Physician	Physician
Address	Brownville	Brownville	Moore's Bridge	Brownville	Brownville
Witness					
Certificate filed (date)	8 June 1927	8 June 1927	20 June 1927	22 June 1927	27 June 1927

The Tuscaloosa Playboys

By Mike Sullivan

In June of 1861, Henry, William and Tobias Sullivant sons of now deceased Harrison Pugh Sullivant, hugged their mother Louisa and said goodbye to their sisters Zilpha, Arrilda and Martha. These young men had joined the Confederate Army. Probably walking down the Boyd Road, from above Moores Bridge, Alabama, southward towards Echola, in northwest Tuscaloosa County they were greeted by many friends and relatives, some of whom joined in the march. Their uncle Edward Newt Stripling was one of these men. This group of friends and relatives were excited about their future adventures. Each was careful not to show any fear because all knew they were soon to see the Elephant. This was civil war slang for having been in battle.

Arriving at Coker, Alabama five miles west of Northport, they met other newly recruited men from all areas of Tuscaloosa County. They were fitted with uniforms, received their battle flag and elected J.J. Mayfield as their captain. After three days of marching, the "Plowboys" rendezvoused in Columbus, Mississippi with many more men and for most received their first train ride. Traveling north to Memphis, Tennessee, they then marched thirty miles to Camp Abington..

The crowded and unsanitary conditions of the camps, both North and South, lead to epic proportions of disease. Dysentery, diarrhea, typhoid, malaria, mumps and measles all took a heavy toll. Of the estimated deaths from all caused a full two-thirds of the 620,000 combined totals died from disease. At one time, 66 of 109 Members of the "Plowboys" had the measles. Five of them died including Newt Stripling a soldier, who never fired a shot, left his wife Nellie to raise William, their three year old son. While the "Plowboys" were medically quarantined, the Alabama unit they were to be assigned too shipped out to Missouri. This is why an Alabama and two Georgia companies were mustered into the 38th Infantry Regiment of Tennessee

Confederate General A.S. Johnson had many problems to overcome. The lack of food, arms and medical supplies were only a part of his troubles. The war department in Richmond, Virginia ordered him to control his subordinates. Second in command, General Polk was stealing troops and supplies to make an unauthorized march into Missouri. His reason was to save the saltpeter mines there. Saltpeter was an important ingredient in the making of gun powder. General Pillow intercepted a train of forage destined to General Bragg in Mobile, which caused the dispersal of the coastal calvary. General McCulloch seized a supply of clothing that had been specially funded by an act of Congress for troops in Missouri. This gives us a good picture of how ill prepared the South was for war.

The fighting started with the shelling of Fort Sumter in South Carolina. The Union government declared all coastal forts to be the property of the United States. The South had already seized the arsenals located everywhere in the south. It was these arms that were used to equip the militia, who were the first troops to report for duty. Most of these weapons were the old flintlock muskets, which under optimal conditions could only fire three rounds a minute. Some of them dated back to the War of 1812. The Union Army also had these old muskets but quickly replaced many of them with the new seven shot repeating Spencer rifles. Later, the 15 shot Henry rifle was added, which the Confederates called, "That Yankee gun they loaded on Sunday and fired all week".

After Fort Sumter the seven states of the Confederacy were joined by four more states but this left the border states of Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky and Missouri to decide their loyalty. These states were needed very badly by the South not only for their men and resources but the North could use them as bases for their attack. President Lincoln declared marshal law in Maryland and suspended the Writ of Habeas Corpus in many areas. Hundreds of schools, churches and courthouses were closed and thousands of citizens were arrested and detained in an effort to squelch Southern sympathy.

It should be pointed out that there was an area of the South immediately west of the Appalachian Mountains from the western portions of Virginia to the northern sections of Alabama where Union sympathizers were very numerous. Many people know that Winston County, Alabama tried to secede from the state of Alabama, but few people realize that this was how the State of West Virginia was formed.

It was in these Unionist areas where the "Plowboys" served most of their duty. Not only did the troops have to battle the Union Army but they had to be very careful of the local Home Guards. The Home Guards burned many railroad bridges, thus disrupting the delivery of food and supplies. Because of this problem and the fact that although Kentucky had declared itself neutral, the Union Army had setup recruiting camps and Confederate General Zollicoffer was forced to invade. Zollicoffer intended to only forge and recruit men for the southern cause but there were some engagements. The last of which pushed the Confederates out of Kentucky and it was known as the Battle of Mills Springs. The "Plowboys" should have been in this

battle but the regiment had been held back because of the 988 men in this unit, only 250 had guns. Many of these were shotguns and squirrel rifles brought from home.

After the defeats in Kentucky, the Confederates retreated towards Nashville. On the Cumberland River at Fort Donelson, the South lost again and was forced to surrender around 15,000 troops. Union General Grant told them that "they had not been whipped; only outnumbered". Neither side hardly able to feed and clothe their own army, at this time in the war, prisoners were paroled and sent home. After realizing these men reorganized their units or joined new ones, a system of parole camps were setup and the men were sent to these camps where they would remain until exchanged.

Upon losing control of Nashville, the Confederates moved farther southwest to Corinth, Mississippi. There they amassed with other units to spring a surprise attack on the Union forces at Shiloh. General Grant comfortable that the Confederates would remain at Corinth spent his time drilling his new recruits instead of fortifying his position. On 06 April 1862, 40,000 Confederates stormed the camp and Union General Grant was forced to retreat.

General Johnson had been mortally wounded early in the battle so the command was passed down to General Beauregard. Beauregard announced that he was well pleased with the gallant charge the men had made but suspected it was not from any orders from him that had inspired them but rather it was the smell of cooking bacon coming from the Union Camp. However, Grant did not retreat very far and after receiving reinforcements during the night, he returned the next morning to recover his camp. Beauregard realizing he could not hold the field and having no reserves, retreated back to Corinth. This fight has become so memorialized because the battlefield was described as being covered with the dead like leaves in autumn. There were about 25,000 men lost from dead, wounded, missing and captured reported almost equally divided between both sides. This battle also put an end to the thoughts of a three month war.

After Shiloh, the Confederate Army broke into several factions and the Union Army had to do likewise. There was fighting as far west as Arizona and in Virginia much was being exhausted to keep West Virginia and reclaim Maryland. The South had unwisely chosen to move their Capital from Montgomery, Alabama to Richmond, Virginia. This placed the capitals of both sides less than 100 miles apart.

Meanwhile, the blockade along the coast was ever lengthening, cutting off much needed arms and supplies from abroad. In Tennessee, General Nathan Bedford Forrest lead an unsuccessful attempt to hold on to Memphis but General Bragg raced to Chattanooga and saved it from capture. Bragg then led his army into Kentucky once again to try and claim that state for the South. During this campaign, the "Plowboys" might have at least visited another unit of Tuscaloosa County men known as the "Sipsey Guards". Many of the "Plowboys" had friends and relatives in service with the "Sipsey Guards".

Again unsuccessfully holding on to Kentucky, Bragg reorganized his units into the Army of Tennessee. His plan was to retreat to Murfreesboro, Tennessee and go into winter quarters but the Union Army followed him. Just north of Murfreesboro at Stone's River, Bragg attacked his enemy and halted the pursuit. Bragg then retreated south of town to Tallahoma and went into winter quarters there. This was good timing because the winter had grown so harsh, one Captain declared his unit was unfit for duty. His report included that many were sick; none had eaten in two days and were grazing on moss like cattle. Many of his men were still barefoot and without overcoats and he had twice as many men as he had blankets. He concluded that ammunition was so low that he had fewer than two rounds per man.

Fighting largely in Tennessee in 1863, the 38th Tennessee lost thirty percent of their already reduced number of 282 in the second battle of Murfreesboro. Receiving few replacements there were only 264 of what should have been a thousand men, fought at Chickamauga. The "Plowboys" saw action at Dalton, Georgia, and endured another bitter winter in the mountains of northwest Georgia. After being under siege in Atlanta for forty days, they were sent to Jonesboro. There was only a handful left to finally surrender in Goldsboro, North Carolina on 26 April 1865, two weeks after General Lee Surrendered at Appomattox.

FHN does have a roster of the "Plowboys". This list includes notes on many of the men that served in this unit. Some of the "Plowboys, some of their ancestors and many of their descendants lived in the Northport area. FHN will print this list in a future issue. Please watch for it.

Sources: "Tuskaloosa's Own" by Beasaey S. Hendrix

George Wright - Alabama Department of Archives and History

Many Civil War Websites

WEB SITES

Civil War Soldiers and Sailors System (CWSS)

<http://www.itd.nps.gov/cwss/index.html>

Georgia Civil War Pension Records

www.docuweb.gsu.edu/CivilWar.html

Florida Confederate Pension Application Files

www.dlis.dos.state.fl.us/barm/PensionFiles.html

Library of Virginia

www.lva.lib.va.us

American Civil War Research Database

www.civilwardata.com

Birth Info in WWI Civilian Draft Registrations

www.members.aol.com/Rayhbanks/cos.html

Official Federal Land Patent Records Site

www.glorerecords.blm.gov

Alabama Department of Archives and History

<http://www.Archives.state.al.us>

Family Roots Channel

www.MSN.com

Research US Civil War database

www.civilwardata.com

Census on line

www.census-online.com

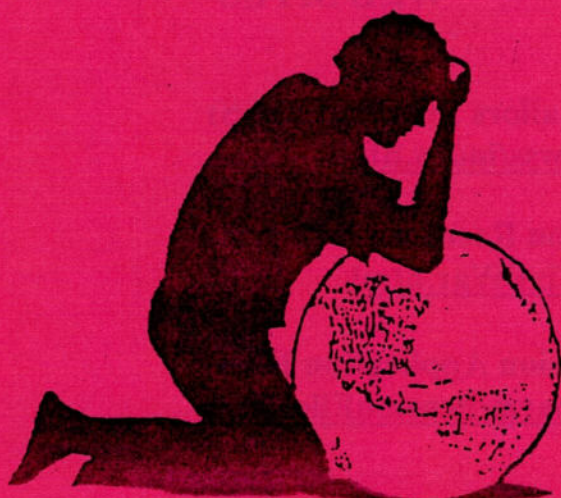
Center for Jewish history genealogy

www.cjh.org/family

Genealogy Resources on the Internet

<http://www-personal.umich.edu/%7Ecgaunt/gen-intl.html>

GOD BLESS AMERICA



PRAY FOR OUR NATION

I am looking for family short stories to share with our members. If you would like to contribute a story or lineage chart please get it to me and I will get it in the next possible publication. (Thanks Mike for your story)

If you have come to a stonewall in your research, why not put a query in our newsletter.

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